

BEST PRACTICES
FOR AFFILIATE
MARKETING IN INDIA



Internet And Mobile Association Of India

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»» Introduction to Internet and Mobile Association of India (IAMAI)

The Internet and Mobile Association of India (IAMAI) is a not-for-profit industry body with 583 members, including Indian and multinational corporations, as well as start-ups. IAMAI has been instrumental in shaping India's digital economy. IAMAI advocates free and fair competition, and progressive and enabling laws for businesses as well as for consumers. The overarching objective of IAMAI is to ensure the progress of the internet and the digital economy. Its major areas of activities are public policy and advocacy, business to business conferences, research, promotion of start-ups and promotion of consumer trust and safety.

»» Objectives of IAMAI's Best Practices Draft for Affiliate Marketing

In response to the rapid growth and evolving landscape of digital marketing in India, IAMAI is taking a proactive step by framing and publishing the Best Practices for Affiliate Marketing in India. This initiative comes at a time when the affiliate marketing sector in India is experiencing significant growth, with spending on affiliate marketing of around 331 million USD, which is expected to grow to 420+ million USD in 2025 (*Source – India Affiliate Marketing, The 2023 Primer, IAMAI Research 2023*). This highlights the need for standardized practices and ethical guidelines to ensure sustainable growth.

To address these needs, IAMAI facilitated the creation of a task force established in October 2023, comprising eight affiliate marketing companies, with the intention of developing comprehensive best practices guidelines. The document which resulted from the year-long efforts of the task force aims to provide a framework that will benefit all stakeholders in the affiliate marketing ecosystem.

The key objectives of framing the Best Practices are:

1. **Standardization:** To establish a set of industry-wide standards that can guide both advertisers and affiliates in conducting ethical and effective affiliate marketing campaigns.
2. **Trust Building:** To foster trust between advertisers, affiliates, and consumers by promoting transparent practices and clear communication within the affiliate marketing ecosystem.
3. **Compliance Guidance:** To help stakeholders navigate the complex regulatory landscape, ensuring adherence to legal and ethical standards in affiliate marketing.
4. **Performance Optimization:** To provide guidelines on tracking, analytics, and KPI measurement, enabling marketers to maximize the impact of their affiliate programs.
5. **Risk Mitigation:** To address common challenges in affiliate marketing, such as unclear contracts and undisclosed terms, thereby reducing potential disputes and misunderstandings between parties.
6. **Industry Growth Support:** To support the continued growth of affiliate marketing in India by establishing best practices that can scale with the industry's expansion.

By publishing the best practices, IAMAI aims to elevate the standards of affiliate marketing in India, ensuring that it remains a viable and valuable channel for advertisers, affiliates, and consumers alike. This initiative reflects the association's commitment to fostering a robust and ethical digital marketing ecosystem in the country.

The document intends to serve as a framework for navigating the complexities of affiliate marketing, promoting transparency, and driving sustainable growth in this dynamic sector. As the industry continues to evolve, these guidelines will play a crucial role in shaping the future of affiliate marketing in India.

The Landscape of Affiliate Marketing

»» *Overview of Affiliate Marketing*

Affiliate Marketing is a type of performance-based advertising where advertisers collaborate with third-parties such as bloggers, influencers, creators and entrepreneurs. Instead of companies directly advertising their products, these collaborators promote them on their platforms and get rewarded for the same.

The rewards can vary: some third parties earn cashback for bringing in new customers, while others receive a percentage of each sale made through their referral links or discount codes. This model appeals to advertisers because it can help them achieve various goals, including increasing sales, boosting brand awareness, and expanding their customer base.

In recent years, affiliate marketing has seen substantial growth. According to industry reports Global spending on affiliate marketing programs reached approximately \$12 billion annually as of the latest reports. This growth underscores its effectiveness as a digital marketing strategy in reaching targeted audiences and driving conversions.

One of the reasons for its popularity is its flexibility and scalability. Companies can tap into specific niche markets through trusted channels who have built credibility in their niche. This targeted approach often results in higher conversion rates compared to traditional advertising methods.

Moreover, affiliate marketing is beneficial for promoters too. They can monetize their content by promoting products or services they genuinely believe in to their audience. This authenticity not only enhances trust but also enhances their earning potential based on their influence and engagement levels.

Overall, affiliate marketing is a win-win strategy where companies leverage the reach and influence of the third parties to achieve marketing goals effectively, while collaborators earn income by promoting products they endorse. As digital marketing continues to evolve, affiliate marketing remains a dynamic and ever evolving part of many companies' strategies to drive revenue and customer engagement.

»» *Evolution of Affiliate Marketing in India*

Affiliate Marketing has grown significantly since its inception, becoming popular worldwide with some key moments that have shaped how it works today. It all began in 1996 when Amazon launched its Amazon Associates programme. This allowed website owners and bloggers to earn money by promoting Amazon products through special links on their sites.

Things really paced ahead in 2000 when Google AdWords came out. This new tool let affiliates advertise products through pay-per-click ads, allowing them to reach potential customers more directly and track the performance of their ads.

In India, major global online stores quickly recognized the value of Indian affiliates to help them gain visibility in the local market. These affiliates utilized their knowledge and connections to assist these companies in expanding their customer base.

The spread of smartphones and the internet in India played a significant role in making affiliate marketing even more popular. As more people in India began shopping online, affiliates discovered new ways to reach them. They created coupon websites, leveraged popular social media platforms like YouTube and Facebook, and partnered with influencers to broaden their reach.

During this time, new technology also helped affiliates do better. They used advanced software to appear more trustworthy and encourage more people to buy products. Companies also started paying more attention to how much money they were making from these ads, making sure they were spending their money wisely.

Social media made a big impact on affiliate marketing too. Influencers and people who make content online became really important. They had a lot of followers who trusted their opinions, so companies started working with them to promote their products.

Today, affiliate marketing is a blend of creativity and new technology. It plays a crucial role in how companies advertise online, helping them increase sales, enhance brand visibility, and acquire new customers. By teaming up with influencers and using data analytics to understand what works, companies can optimize their spending effectively.

In short, affiliate marketing keeps changing as technology gets better and more people shop online. It's a powerful way for companies to grow and connect with customers in today's digital world.

Types of Affiliate Marketing

Affiliate Marketing is categorized in various ways in the digital world, which has led to difference of opinions among experts and a lot of information clutter online. Here are the main types of Affiliate Marketing:

1. **Creator-Based Affiliate Marketing:** Content Creators leverage platforms like Instagram, TikTok, or YouTube to endorse products or services to their followers. They earn commissions when their followers purchase these products through specific links provided by the creators.
2. **Referral-Based Affiliate Marketing:** Regular individuals participate in affiliate marketing by referring products or services to their friends using referral codes or other methods. They receive rewards or benefits when their referrals make purchases based on their recommendations.
3. **Tech-Based Affiliate Marketing:** This type involves platforms such as review websites or coupon sites that operate via web or mobile apps. They attract a broad audience by offering rewards or incentives for buying products through their affiliate links.
4. **Lead-Based Affiliate Marketing:** In this model, affiliates build databases within specific niches and refer competitive products to their audience via emails or SMS messages. They earn commissions or payments based on the leads they generate for businesses.
5. **Arbitrage Affiliates:** These affiliates focus on improving search engine rankings, generating traffic, and leads to earn income. They exploit differences in prices or the value of the traffic they generate to make profits.

Each type of Affiliate Marketing plays a crucial role in promoting products and services online. Content Creators and everyday people can sway purchasing decisions through social media and personal recommendations. Meanwhile, tech platforms and arbitrage affiliates utilize digital tools to reach a broader audience and drive sales effectively.

»» *Why Affiliates are Necessary in the Media Mix*

The media mix of a brand is a carefully planned program where each platform and placement is evaluated on its merits to secure its position. However, data indicates that advertisers are increasingly making their media mix affiliate-heavy. With the rise of D2C brands, every ad dollar is scrutinized, and every option is studied in detail before any decisions are made.

Here are the reasons why affiliates are essential in media strategies, explained simply:

1. **Cost-Effective Investment:** Affiliate marketing operates on a pay-per-performance model, meaning brands only pay when desired actions like purchases or sign-ups occur. This makes it affordable for brands to start with a small budget and test its effectiveness.
2. **Low Risk Advertising:** Everything in affiliate marketing is tracked and tied directly to conversions. This transparency reduces risks for brands, as they can see exactly what they are paying for and the results they achieve.
3. **Quick Results:** Unlike traditional marketing channels that may take time to show results, affiliate marketing often delivers fast outcomes. Even during the learning phase, affiliates can start generating sales or leads promptly.
4. **Ease of Execution:** Setting up affiliate marketing campaigns is straightforward. Brands can quickly onboard affiliates and start promoting their products or services through established networks.
5. **Scalability:** Affiliate marketing offers the ability to scale campaigns efficiently. Brands can increase their reach by engaging more affiliates or expanding into new markets, allowing them to adapt as their business grows.
6. **Boost in Brand Awareness:** Collaborating with affiliates helps boost brand visibility. Affiliates introduce products to their audiences, expanding brand recognition among new potential customers.
7. **Learning Opportunities:** Working with affiliates provides valuable insights. Brands can learn from affiliates' strategies, audience preferences, and market trends to refine their marketing approaches.
8. **Wide Audience Reach:** Affiliates reach diverse audiences across various platforms and niches. This broad exposure helps brands connect with specific demographic groups they may not reach through other channels.
9. **Flexibility:** Affiliate marketing offers flexibility in campaign management. Brands can tailor commission structures, promotional strategies, and partnerships to suit their marketing goals and budget.
10. **Easy Tracking:** Affiliate marketing platforms provide detailed analytics and tracking tools. Brands can monitor performance metrics in real-time, allowing them to optimize campaigns for better results.

Affiliate Marketing and Key Players

Understanding Affiliate Marketing Types

Affiliate marketing encompasses various approaches, each with its unique characteristics and roles. Understanding these types is crucial for effectively leveraging affiliate marketing strategies.

- 1. Unattached Affiliate Marketing:** This is the simplest form of affiliate marketing. Affiliates promote products or services without any personal connection or expertise in the area. They share ads or links without providing personal advice or recommendations, focusing solely on driving traffic and conversions.
- 2. Related Affiliate Marketing:** In this type, affiliates have a connection to the product or service they promote. They might possess knowledge in the relevant field or have an audience interested in such products. Although they have credibility, they do not personally endorse the product's effectiveness.
- 3. Involved Affiliate Marketing:** Here, affiliates have a strong connection with the product or service. They have personally used it and believe in its value, sharing their experiences as a form of advertisement. Their genuine recommendations make them reliable sources of information for potential buyers. However, their reputation is at stake if the product does not meet the expectations set by their endorsement.

Key Players in Affiliate Marketing

Understanding the following key players in affiliate marketing is essential for grasping how this ecosystem functions effectively:

- 1. Affiliates: The Promoters:** Affiliates are individuals or organizations that market products or services on behalf of businesses, known as advertisers. Their role is to attract potential customers, earning commissions for their efforts. Affiliates can be bloggers, influencers, content creators, or owners of niche websites. They use their platforms to introduce and recommend products or services to their audience.
- 2. Advertisers: The Providers:** Advertisers are businesses or individuals offering products or services that require promotion. They collaborate with affiliates to extend their reach, generating more traffic, leads, or sales. These advertisers come from various sectors, including banking, financial services, insurance, automotive, and real estate, increasingly investing in affiliate marketing to expand their market presence.
- 3. Publishers: The Hosts:** These could be media websites, e-commerce platforms, or other significant online presences that provide a space for affiliate marketing activities.

The Most Promising Niches in Affiliate Marketing

The affiliate marketing industry in India is poised for significant growth, with projections indicating it could reach approximately \$835 million by 2025, a substantial increase from around \$300 million currently. This growth underscores the sector's robust potential amidst a flourishing digital landscape.

Key drivers of this growth include the expansion of e-commerce, the rising influence of digital technologies, and the increasing number of internet users across the country. Affiliate marketing in India benefits significantly from sectors like e-commerce, BFSI (banking, financial services, and insurance), education, D2C

(direct-to-consumer) brands, gaming, web services, and health, which are increasingly integrating affiliate programs to boost their growth.

Moreover, the affiliate marketing landscape in India is characterized by a low entry cost, making it an attractive option for many looking to earn passive income. The ability to leverage various digital marketing techniques such as SEO, PPC (pay-per-click), and influencer collaborations further enhances the effectiveness and reach of affiliate marketing campaigns.

As the industry evolves, innovative solutions are likely to emerge, offering businesses new ways to connect with consumers and drive sales through affiliate channels. This growth trajectory suggests that affiliate marketing will remain a vital part of India's digital marketing ecosystem, presenting numerous opportunities for marketers and businesses alike to capitalize on this trend.

The AATM Model: Audience, Attribution, Tracking, Monetization

Affiliate marketing operates similarly to a sales team but with a unique approach defined by the AATM model, which stands for Audience, Attribution, Tracking, and Monetization. This model is crucial for understanding how affiliate marketing functions effectively.

- 1. Audience:** Understanding the target audience is fundamental for affiliate marketers. This involves identifying the preferences and behaviors of potential customers. By knowing their audience well, affiliates can tailor their marketing efforts to resonate with the specific interests and needs of these individuals, thereby increasing the likelihood of engaging potential buyers.
- 2. Attribution:** Attribution is about determining which marketing activities contribute to sales or conversions. This process helps in understanding the effectiveness of different marketing tactics and channels. By utilizing attribution models, affiliates can identify which interactions or touchpoints along the customer journey influence decisions and should be credited for the conversion. This ensures fair compensation and aids in refining marketing strategies.
- 3. Tracking:** Tracking involves monitoring the actions taken by users, from clicking on an affiliate link to making a purchase. This data is vital for analyzing the performance of affiliate marketing campaigns. By using tracking tools, affiliates can collect detailed information about how users interact with their ads and content, which helps in assessing the effectiveness of their marketing efforts and making informed decisions.
- 4. Monetization:** Monetization in affiliate marketing is the process of converting marketing activities into revenue. This can be achieved through different models, like earning a commission for each sale, click, or lead generated through affiliate links. The goal is to create and optimize marketing strategies that maximize earnings, either through fixed amounts or percentages of sales. This process benefits everyone involved, ensuring that advertisers get their offers to the right people.

»» Analytics and Attribution in Affiliate Marketing

In the fast-changing field of affiliate marketing, using data and analytics is key to gaining a competitive edge. Analytics helps affiliate marketers understand what's working and what's not, allowing them to make informed decisions, improve their ads and activities, and increase their earnings. By closely examining the data, marketers can identify trends, determine which strategies are effective, and adjust their plans to enhance performance.

1. **Choosing the Right Analytics Tool:** Selecting a tool that suits your needs is essential. Options range from general tools like Google Analytics to those specifically designed for affiliate marketing. The chosen tool should help track and improve campaigns.
2. **Setting Goals:** Clearly define what you want to achieve, such as increased sales, higher click rates, or more revenue. Choose key performance indicators (KPIs) that will show how well you are performing.
3. **Installing Tracking Codes:** Implement special codes or pixels on your website or ad pages. These tools help track where clicks, views, and sales originate, linking them to your marketing efforts.
4. **Tracking Links:** Use unique identifiers for your affiliate links to monitor their performance. This allows you to see which links bring in visitors or sales and which partners are performing well.
5. **Regularly Checking Data:** Continuously monitor your analytics dashboard. Look for trends or changes in your campaigns to identify what's working or not. Use the tool's features to break down data for deeper insights.
6. **Testing and Improving:** Experiment with different strategies to see what improves results. Use analytics to guide tests and changes, always aiming to enhance marketing efforts based on data insights.

»» **Compliances and Transparency in Affiliate Marketing**

In Indian affiliate marketing, adhering to regulations and maintaining transparency are crucial for building trust and ensuring fair practices. Compliance with legal and ethical standards is essential for anyone aiming to run a successful affiliate program in India's diverse market.

Compliances

- **Legal Regulations:** Affiliate marketers must adhere to Indian laws, including the Information Technology Act, 2000, which governs cyber activities and electronic commerce.
- **Tax Obligations:** Understanding and fulfilling tax obligations, including Goods and Services Tax (GST) and income tax, are essential for affiliate marketers operating in India.
- **Consumer Protection:** Following the Consumer Protection Act, 2019, which includes ensuring accurate representations of products or services and avoiding deceptive advertising.
- **Data Privacy:** Adhering to data protection laws, ensuring that personal information of customers is collected, used, and stored responsibly, aligning with the upcoming Personal Data Protection Bill.

Transparency

- **Clear Disclosures:** Affiliates must disclose their relationships with advertisers whose products or services they promote, being honest about receiving commissions for sales or clicks.
- **Honest Reviews:** Providing genuine reviews and not misleading the audience with false claims about the benefits of a product or service.
- **Fair Advertising:** Ensuring that advertisements are fair and not designed to mislead consumers. Advertisements should be clear, truthful, and provide a realistic representation of the products or services.

Compliance with these regulations not only protects consumers but also helps build trust and credibility in the affiliate marketing industry in India. Transparency in disclosing affiliations and being honest in promotional content are key to maintaining a positive relationship with the audience and ensuring the long-term success of affiliate marketing activities.

Leveraging Affiliates for Maximum Impact

»» *Technical Setup for Effective Affiliate Marketing*

In the dynamic landscape of affiliate marketing, establishing a proper technical setup is imperative for effectively measuring Key Performance Indicators (KPIs). A robust technical infrastructure serves as the backbone, enabling marketers to track, analyse, and optimize their affiliate campaigns with precision.

1. **Advanced Tracking and Analytics Tools:** Implementing a reliable tracking system, whether through pixel-based tracking or server-to-server integration, ensures accurate attribution of conversions to respective affiliates. This facilitates fair commission distribution and fosters trust within the affiliate network. Integrating with affiliate networks or platforms consolidates data from multiple sources, streamlining reporting and analysis processes. This centralization enables marketers to gain a comprehensive overview of campaign performance across different affiliates, offers, and channels, facilitating informed decision-making and optimization strategies.
2. **GDPR and CCPA:** is paramount in today's digital landscape. Implementing robust data protection measures and obtaining explicit consent from users not only safeguards sensitive information but also fosters transparency and trust among consumers. By prioritizing data privacy and security, marketers enhance brand reputation and customer loyalty.

»» *Defining and Tracking Measurable KPIs*

Defining and tracking measurable KPIs is essential for gauging the effectiveness and ROI of affiliate marketing efforts. Aligning KPIs with overarching business goals, such as revenue generation, customer acquisition, or brand awareness, provides clarity and direction to the affiliate program.

1. **Common KPIs in Affiliate Marketing:** These include Conversion Rate (CR), Average Order Value (AOV), Return on Ad Spend (ROAS), Customer Lifetime Value (CLV), and Customer Acquisition Cost (CAC). By setting SMART (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, Time-bound) goals and regularly monitoring performance against these benchmarks, marketers can identify areas of improvement, optimize campaigns, and allocate resources effectively.
2. **Advanced Attribution Models:** Leveraging advanced attribution models, such as multi-touch attribution or algorithmic attribution, provides deeper insights into the customer journey and the impact of various touchpoints on conversions. By understanding the influence of different affiliates, channels, and touchpoints throughout the conversion funnel, marketers can allocate credit accurately and optimize their marketing mix for maximum ROI.

»» *Transparent Validation and Reporting*

Transparent validation and reporting in affiliate marketing occur through a combination of technological tools, clear communication channels, and standardized processes.

1. **Clear Agreement on Validation Criteria:** Advertisers and affiliates establish predefined rules and guidelines for tracking conversions. This includes specifying attribution windows, cookie durations, and

accepted conversion methods. By setting these criteria upfront, both parties ensure clarity and minimize disputes regarding the validation process.

2. **Implementation of Tracking and Analytics Tools:** Advertisers deploy robust tracking and analytics tools to monitor campaign performance in real-time. These tools track various metrics such as clicks, conversions, and revenue generated by each affiliate. Affiliates also have access to their performance data through dedicated dashboards provided by the advertiser or affiliate network.
3. **Fraud Detection Mechanisms:** Advertisers utilize fraud prevention tools and algorithms to detect and mitigate fraudulent activities. These mechanisms include IP filtering, device fingerprinting, and transaction monitoring to identify suspicious behavior and ensure the integrity of reporting data.

»» *Timely Billing Reconciliations*

Timely billing reconciliations are vital for fair compensation and accuracy in affiliate marketing. Advertisers meticulously track affiliate-generated conversions, logging details like the affiliate's ID, transaction amount, and timestamp. They compile this data into reports over a specific period, offering insights into campaign performance.

1. **Verification and Payment Processing:** Advertisers verify reported conversions by cross-referencing them with tracking data and validation criteria to ensure accuracy. Valid conversions meeting pre-established criteria are considered for billing. Commissions owed to each affiliate are calculated based on the agreed-upon commission structure, multiplying validated conversions by the applicable commission rate. Invoices detailing owed commissions are generated, accompanied by supporting documentation like conversion reports and payment terms to enhance transparency.
2. **Reconciliation and Communication:** Affiliates undertake reconciliation to verify billing data against their records, promptly addressing any discrepancies through open communication with advertisers. Once reconciled, advertisers process payments based on agreed terms, fostering positive relationships and continued collaboration within the affiliate network.

»» *Addressing Miscellaneous Areas*

In affiliate marketing, clarity and transparency are paramount to prevent misunderstandings and disputes. Two areas often overlooked are unclear contracts and undisclosed riders.

1. **Unclear Contracts:** Imagine entering into an agreement without a clear understanding of its terms and conditions. Unclear contracts in affiliate marketing can sow the seeds of confusion, setting the stage for disagreements down the line. These contracts may lack specificity regarding crucial aspects such as commission structures, payment terms, performance expectations, and dispute resolution processes. As a result, affiliates may find themselves grappling with uncertainty, unsure of what is expected of them or what they are entitled to in return for their promotional efforts. The ambiguity inherent in unclear contracts can strain relationships and undermine the trust between advertisers and affiliates.
2. **Undisclosed Riders:** Hidden within the fine print of affiliate agreements are often undisclosed riders—additional clauses or provisions that catch affiliates off guard. These riders may include unexpected fees, exclusivity requirements, or stringent performance targets that significantly impact an affiliate's ability to fulfill their obligations or receive fair compensation. When these undisclosed riders come to light after the partnership has commenced, they can breed resentment and frustration, leaving affiliates feeling misled and undervalued.

- 3. Navigating the Terrain:** Addressing these challenges requires a proactive approach from both advertisers and affiliates. Clear and comprehensive contracts should be drafted, leaving no room for ambiguity or misinterpretation. Every aspect of the agreement—from commission structures to dispute resolution mechanisms—should be explicitly outlined and agreed upon by all parties involved. Moreover, open lines of communication should be established from the outset, allowing for any concerns or questions regarding the agreement to be addressed promptly and transparently.

Key Success Factors in Affiliate Marketing

Success in affiliate marketing hinges on several pivotal factors that shape the effectiveness and profitability of partnerships between advertisers and affiliates.

- 1. Clear Objectives and Strategy:** Advertisers must articulate their aims, such as augmenting sales, bolstering brand recognition, or broadening market reach. Affiliates must synchronize their promotional endeavors with these objectives, ensuring that each action contributes meaningfully to the overarching strategy.
- 2. Quality Partnerships:** Advertisers should meticulously vet potential affiliates, seeking out partners whose audience demographics, interests, and values align closely with their brand ethos. Affiliates should select advertisers whose offerings resonate authentically with their audience.
- 3. Effective Communication:** Open lines of communication facilitate collaboration, enable the exchange of insights, and facilitate the swift resolution of challenges as they arise.
- 4. Transparency and Trust:** Providing affiliates with unimpeded access to performance metrics, commission tracking data, and promotional resources fosters trust and credibility.
- 5. High-Quality Content and Creatives:** Compelling content and creatives are paramount for capturing audience attention and driving conversions.
- 6. Data-Driven Decision Making:** Leveraging analytics empowers stakeholders to identify trends, refine strategies, and maximize results.
- 7. Continuous Optimization and Testing:** Adaptability and innovation are imperative for success in affiliate marketing.
- 8. Compliance and Legal Considerations:** Upholding ethical standards and regulatory compliance is non-negotiable.

By prioritizing these key factors, advertisers and affiliates can cultivate enduring partnerships that drive sustainable growth and prosperity in the dynamic affiliate marketing industry.

Industry Best Practices for Advertisers by Campaign Formats

As affiliate marketing continues to evolve, advertisers must adapt their strategies to maximize the effectiveness of their campaigns. Understanding the nuances of different campaign formats and implementing best practices can significantly enhance performance and return on investment. This chapter explores industry best practices for advertisers across various campaign formats, including Cost per Visit, Cost per Lead, Cost per Sale, and Cost per Install.

Cost per Visit (CPV)

The Cost per Visit model focuses on driving traffic to a landing page. Here are some best practices to optimize CPV campaigns:

- 1. Automation of Google Analytics/Panel Reports:** Utilize UTM-enabled parameters to automate the generation of reports. This practice ensures accurate mapping of sessions, new users, users, average session duration (ASD), and bounce rate on the traffic directed to the landing page. By automating these reports, advertisers can efficiently monitor campaign performance and make data-driven adjustments.
- 2. Audience Segmentation:** Identify and target specific audience segments that are most likely to engage with the landing page. Tailor content and offers to resonate with these segments, increasing the likelihood of conversions.
- 3. A/B Testing:** Continuously test different landing page elements, such as headlines, images, and calls-to-action, to determine which combinations yield the highest engagement and conversion rates.

Cost per Lead (CPL)

The Cost per Lead model compensates affiliates for generating leads. To optimize CPL campaigns, consider the following best practices:

- 1. Defined "Payable & Non-Payable Leads" Disposition:** Clearly define what constitutes a payable lead versus a non-payable lead. This clarity ensures that affiliates are aligned with the campaign's objectives and reduces disputes over lead quality.
- 2. Real-Time Tracking:** Implement real-time tracking to monitor the Clicks to Lead ratio. This capability allows advertisers to assess the effectiveness of their campaigns and make timely adjustments.
- 3. Campaign Duration and Budget:** Set a minimum campaign duration of three months with a test budget of 3,000 leads. This timeframe allows for sufficient data collection and analysis to optimize the campaign.
- 4. Frequent Reporting:** Share lead disposition reports at least three times a week. Additionally, provide KPI-based reports to track the Lead to Sale percentage, enabling advertisers to evaluate the quality of leads generated.

Cost per Sale (CPS)

The Cost per Sale model rewards affiliates for driving sales. To enhance CPS campaigns, advertisers should implement the following best practices:

1. **Real-Time Tracking:** Use pixel or postback-based tracking to monitor sales in real-time. This approach ensures accurate attribution and timely adjustments to campaigns.
2. **Attribution Models:** Define last-click or first-click attribution models to determine which affiliate interactions are credited for sales. This clarity helps in fair compensation and strategy refinement.
3. **Cookie Duration:** Establish a well-defined cookie duration, typically 30 days, to ensure that affiliates are credited for sales resulting from their referrals.
4. **Backend Reporting:** Share backend reports twice a week to check for "Sale Discrepancy." This practice helps identify and resolve discrepancies in reported sales.
5. **Validation and Locked Sales:** Ensure that the validation process for locked sales does not exceed 30 days. Address any missing or unreported sales promptly to maintain affiliate trust.

Cost per Install (CPI)

The Cost per Install model focuses on driving app installations. To optimize CPI campaigns, advertisers should consider the following best practices:

1. **Mobile Measurement Partner (MMP):** Implement a proper MMP tool to track the Install event accurately. This tool provides insights into user behavior and campaign performance.
2. **Campaign Objectives:** Clearly define the objectives of the Install-based campaign, whether it's to volumize installs or monitor progress on in-app events. This clarity guides campaign strategy and measurement.
3. **Tracking Tools:** Use MMP-based or backend reports to track installs. Ensure that the chosen tool provides comprehensive data on user interactions and conversions.
4. **Evaluation Period:** Allow a 45-day period to determine the success of the Install campaign and establish key performance indicators (KPIs). This timeframe enables advertisers to gather sufficient data for informed decision-making.

By adhering to these best practices, advertisers can effectively manage and optimize their affiliate marketing campaigns across different formats. Implementing robust tracking, clear attribution models, and frequent reporting ensures transparency and accountability, ultimately leading to improved campaign performance and increased return on investment.

Conclusion

Brands can leverage affiliate marketing to tap a unique opportunity in expanding their reach to relevant users and achieve greater efficiency in customer acquisition. With the ability to operate on a pay-for-performance basis, the cost of acquiring new customers through affiliates is competitive within the industry as compared to

traditional methods. By partnering with content creators, influencers, and tech platforms, brands can tap into niche markets and reach highly targeted audiences that traditional marketing methods often miss.

Moreover, the flexibility and adaptability of affiliate campaigns allow businesses to scale rapidly and adjust to market demands, while advanced tracking tools ensure transparency and accurate measurement of performance.

Brands must recognize the evolving nature of affiliate marketing as a crucial component of their marketing mix. As digital engagement continues to grow, harnessing the potential of affiliate marketing can lead to significant advantages, including increased brand visibility, access to diverse customer segments, and valuable insights into market trends and consumer behaviour.

Embracing affiliate marketing is not just about expanding sales; it is about building authentic relationships with trusted partners who can amplify a brand's message in meaningful ways. By adopting the insights and strategies outlined in this document, brands can effectively leverage affiliate marketing to drive sustained growth and success in an increasingly competitive marketplace.

Acknowledgement

